WEATHER BULLETIN: WEATHER BUREAU. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WICHITA, Kan., July 11, 1893. Forecast for Wichita and vicinity-

Fair and continued warm. During the past twenty-four hours the highest temperature was 91, the lowest 71, and the mean 81, with slightly warmer clear weather and gentle south-

The average temperature thus far this month has been 79. For the past four years the average

temperature for the month of July has been 78, and for the 11th day 78. FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 11 .- Following is the forecast till 8 p. m. Wednesday: Kansas-Generally fair and continued

high temperature with brisk to high southerly winds. Conditions favorable for several local storms Wednesday night; cooler Thursday.

Missouri-Generally fair; warm south-

erly winds; warmer in southwestern Mis-

A ROW IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, July 11 .- The house of commons, sitting in committee, continued this evening the discussion of clause nine of the home rule bill. This clause concerns the question of Irish representation at Westminster.

Henry Setton-Kerr, Conservative member for St. Helen's, moved that the Irish members be elected by the constituencies would elect the native council.

the Irish were both impecunious and gar-juious, and that therein lay two reasons for reducing their representation in the house to the minimum. Thomas Sexton interrupted to say that

such language was grossly impertinent and ought not to be tolerated in the The chairman told Mr. Sexton that he was out of order and must withdraw his

Mr. Sexton expressed his willingness to obey in case Mr. Broderick would first express regret for his language. Mr. Balfour said that, acting under his advice, his honorable friend

alogize.
The chairman then ordered Mr. Sexton to withdraw, but Mr. Sexton stuck dog gedly to his seat.

gedly to his seat.

Mr. Gladstone appealed to Mr. Sexton to obey the chairman.

Mr. Sexton replied, with evident reluctance, that he would leave his detense with the prime minister. As he ratired the Irish members jumped to their benches and cheered. Then Mr. Broderick retracted his statement that the Irish were garrians and impremients and ordered. ruious and impecunious, and order was

Mr. Setton-Kerr's amendment, which had been quite forgotten in the uproar, was rejected by a vote of 251 to 219. Adjourned

BASEBALL. AT CHICAGO.

Chicago..... 5 0 4 0 0 1 3 2 0-15

AT LOUISVILLE Brooklyn....... 0 5 0 2 10 0 0 1 0-18 Basehits-Louisville, 14; Brooklyn, 20, Errors-Louisville, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Bat-teries-Louisville, Grim, Stratton and Rhodes; Brooklyn, Kinslow and Kennedy.

AT CLEVELAND. Cleveland....... 0 1 3 0 3 0 0 5 *-Baschits Cleveland, 16; Boston, 12; Errors Cleveland, 1; Boston, 2; Bat-teries Cleveland, Zimmer and Young; Boston, Bennet and Nichols.

- AT ST. LOUIS.

BICAGO, July 11.-In the intercollegiate baseball tournament today Amberst de-icated the university of Virginia by a

TURF WINNERS.
J. July 11. MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., July 11.— The Lorillard stakes, worth \$18,000 to the winner, were the feature of today's racing. St. Leonards, at 6 to 5 odds (the favorite) was beaten easily in the race. Sir Walter, at 14 to 5, won, with Ramapo, 10 to 1, sec-

ond, and St. Leonards, third. Don Alon-go, at 14 to 5, did not show. Other winners were Tormentor, at 15 to 1, who beat Kingston, the favorite, at 4 to 5; Roland Reed, Jack of Spades and Lyceum.
Brigitton Brach, N. Y., July 11.—Winners: Batwood, Clear Sea, Major Daly,
Gertie, Dickerson, Sea Bird. Philadelphia, July 11.-Winners: Fleurette, Robin Hood, Madden, A. O. H.,

Hazel, Marine.
CHICAGO, July 11.-Winners: Viente. Morello, Prince of Darkness, Str. hole, Ethel Grey, Eclipse.

liable medicine. If you have never tried it, do so now. Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest and re-

KANSAS CITY CRIMES.

KANSAS CITY, July 11.-Harry Stein, a wienerwurst peddier, played the races today and lost all his money. When he went home this evening his wife chided him. Stein became enraged, and, drawing a revolver, fired at his wife. The bullet went wide of the mark, but Stein, thinking that he had killed his wife, turned

Richard H. Browning and William Mullins (both colored) quarrelied tonight over a game of cards. Browning had won Mullins money and Mullins demanded its return Mullins drew his revolver, saying that he never produced the weapon except as an extreme measure, placed it manior Browning's breast and fired Browning was killed instantly.

Mrs. Joseph Eider this morating sent for the undertaker, to prepare the remains of the undertaker, to prepare the remains of the undertaker, to prepare the remains of the colord. The said that the payments of leased district money on the Eath inst. In regard to the shooting of the nine condense would begin the payments of leased district money on the Eath inst. In regard to the shooting of the nine condense would begin the payments of leased district money on the Eath inst. In regard to the shooting of the nine condense of chockawa, and that he will call out every member of his militia to accomplish that end.

Mrs. Joseph Edge folia morning sent for the undertaker, to prepare the remains of her husbaud for burisl. The undertaker found that Elder had bled to death and sent for the coroner The coroner's ex-amination showed that Elder had been shockingly mutilated in a nameless man-ner, probably some time last night. Mrs. Elder, aged 30 years, and her son by a former husband and the son's wife, are

KANSAS PROHIBITION.

Topeka, Kau., July 11 .- County Attorney Safford has commenced injunction proceedings in the district court against one of the drinking clubs of Topeka. If the injunction be granted be will proceed in like manner against all the others, of which they are lifty in Topeka, where beer is sold over the bar regularly on the ticket

A delegation from Junction City is A designation from sunction the is here to protest against the appointment of an assistant attorney general by Attorney General Luttle. They slaim that the county attorney, who is a member of the delegation, is able to enforce the prohibition law better than any other person. Mr. Luttle will consider the matter. Mr. Little will consider the matter.

SUNDAY-CLOSING ECHOES. CHICAGO, July 11.-Judge Jenkins today in the United States court handed down decision in the suit brought by Wana maker & Brown to restrain the World's Columbian exposition directors from opening the fair gates on Sunday. The sue was a demurrer filed by the defendants, alleging that the complainants as stockholders had elected the directors and could not now question their discre-tion. Judge Jenkins sustained the posi-

ion, throwing the case out of court, By a vote of 54 to 6 the national com-

mission adopted the following resolution at the afternoon session:
"Resolved, by the world's Columbian commission, That the rule now being en-forced by the World's Columbian Exposition company for opening the gates of the exposition on Sunday has not been approved by this commission, and is in violation of the rules jointly adopted and promulgated by said exposition and said commission, and is being enforced without the consent or authority of the world's

KANSAS PRISON STATISTICS TOPERA, Kan., July 11.-The report of Warden Chase shows that there are at present 708 convicts in the state penitentiary at Lansing: 418 of the prisoners have been regular attendants of churches, and been regular attendants of cantrones, and their choice of denominations is: Metho-dists, 102; Baptists, 90; Catholics, 80; Presbyterians, 31; Christians, 68; United Brethren, 20; Episcopalians, 9; Congrega-tionalists, 7; Quakers, 2. The parents of 544 of the convicts were church attendants; 544 of the convicts had attended Sunday school, and 244 of them had not. The prison population shows more coun-

Under this amendment the Irish in the house of commons would number forty-eight instead of eighty as proposed by the pill.

William Broderick, Conservative, said

The prison population shows more country by boys than city boys, the division being: City, 270; town, 157; country, 281. Propill, annity is common among 558 of the convicts, while 170 do not swear; 706 say they want to reform and I says he does not 356 say they were led to crime through drink. Tobacco is used by 6% of the men there, while 104 neither smoke nor chew. The average convict left home at the age

> Don't become constipated. Take BEECH AM's PILLS.

time

of 18, and also began drinking at that

COLLECTOR MORRIS' STAFF.

revenue collector for Kansas and the Indian Territory, took charge of his office in this city yesterday, relieving Cyrus Leiand, Jr. He gave out the following official list of deputy collectors and apofficial list of deputy collectors and appointments to positions under him. Charles Howard of El Reno, O. T., collector for the Indian Territory, E. E. Murphy, Leavenworth, John Watrons, Burlington; W. H. Swarizel, Parsons, and W. E. Huttman, Wichita, deputy collectors for Kansas, H. Fengans, who has been in the office for over twenty years, was retained as chief clerk, with Miss Anna Leland as assistant. Edward Fenion, Jr., was appointed oleomargarine Jon. Jr., was appointed eleomargarine clerk, with headquarters in Leavenworth. Captain Taylor, a relative of ex President Harrison, was retained as custodian of the public buildings in this city.

MEXICAN FINANCES.

CITY OF MEXICO, July IL-A leading paper, speaking of the Mexican financial

situation, says: "The effect of the high rate of exchange has caused great confusion and will yet bring about a more serious state of af-fairs. Many mercantile concerns which have to make their settlements every six months were unable to meet obligations falling due last June on account of the failing due last June on account of the rate of exchange. This caused them to raise the price of goods to such an extent that few sales are made. Hence the income of the firms has been greatly reduced. The lowering of the salaries of the government employes adds to the bad situation, as it will cause a decrease of \$4,000,000 in circulation. It is hard to forced what the result will be. foresell what the result will be.

SATOLLI AND M'GLYNN.

New York, July 11 -The Tribune says: "The possibility that Monsigner Sate li may elevate Dr. McGlynn to a bishopric puts a new phase upon the Corrigan-Satelli trouble, in that it shows the attitude which the apostolic delegate may take toward the former pastor of St. Stephen's church.

THE BLATCHFORD FUNERAL. NEWPORT, R. L. July 11.-The funeral rites were performed over the remains of .. 0 0 0 2 1 1 0 0 0-4 the late Associate Justice Samuel P 12 Blatchford at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at All Saints' chapel. The floral pieces were numerous and costly. After the solemn services, which were conducted by Bishop Potter, assisted by others, the remains were taken to New York, where they will be placed in Greenwood cemetery tomorrow. Seldom has there been a more distinguished gathering assembled here to pay respect to the dead than that gath-

THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which indies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article ok for the name of the California Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the RETAIL LIQUOR DEALERS.

CHICAGO, July 11.-Representative retail liquor dealers from fourteeu states met in called conference this morning to

discuss the advisability of forming a national association. The National association will admit only retail deafers, national the purpose being to form an association strong enough to compete with the brew-ers' and wholesale dealers' associations. This afternoon the convention adopted resolutions to form a national liquor dealers' association. The constitution and bylaws will be adopted tomorrow.

CHARGED WITH FRAUD. BALTIMORE, July IL-Joseph M. Street, for the minority stockholders of the Baltimore and Lehigh Railroad company, makes charges of fraud in a petition just makes charges of fraud in a petition just field for the removal of the officers and the appointment of a receiver. He says that John Henry Miller, together with Winfield J. Taylor, William Glimore (president) and Moses Houseman, maniputated wrongfully certain contracts nudertaken for the above named company.

THE CHOCTAW TROUBLE. CADDO, I. T., July 11.-Governor Jones returned home yesterday from Tuskahorevolver upon himself and blew his that where he has been to attend a special Philadelphia Record or else the vessels insout. He had been married only session of the council. He said that the carrying them will founder in the

Corbett and Parson Davies, the latter acting for Peter Jackson, signed articles for a fight between Corbett and Jackson, to come off in June, 1894. The fight is to be for the largest purse obtainable and a

A COMET.

SEATTLE Wash., July H .- A comet was visible in the northern sky Sunday night omedegrees below and three or four degrees to the west of the polar star and near the top of the Great Bear. The comet was seen just hefore II o'clock. The course is downward, and it is about fit teen degrees above the borizon. The tail is but a few degrees in length, although the nucleus is very bright.

KANSAS INSURANCE MEN. Toreka, Kan., July 11.-The Sunflower club, an organization of the insurance tacked by the populists in the legislature last winter, is holding a meeting here to day. Many prominent men of the state are present. The program includes several addresses, one of which will be by Super-intendent of Insurance Saider. DERAILED BY CATTLE.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., July 11.—A drove of scaped Texas steers tried to buck against a freight train on the Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs road this morn-ing. They derailed the train. Fireman Mason was slightly injured, and several of the steers were killed

THE BARDWELL LYNCHING. LOUISVILLE, July 11 .- A negro uprising is feared at Bardwell, as a result of the recent lynching of Miller, the negro rapist. The mayor of Bardwell has telegraphed to Paducah for 100 Winchester rifles. Serious trouble may be the result.

CHINESE FANATICS. SHANGHAI, July 1! .- It is reported that a fanatical mob in the province of Shantung severely maltreated a missionary a few The mandarins in Hankow and Sung-Pu are now known to have counived in the recent murders of British miss

CHOLERA. VIENNA, July 11 .- Cholera has respcared in Moscow and northeast Hungary. In Moscow the outbreak is most serious There have been thirty-two cases and eleven deaths in the convict forwarding prison since July 1.

THE PRESIDENT. BUZZARD'S BAY, July 11.—President Cleveland did not go fishing this morning. After breakiast he sat on the piaza, and in the afternoon took a carriage drive, returning much refreshed.

POISONED CHEESE. MANSFIELD, O., July 11 .- The physicians tre dealing with a wholesale case of polsoning. In all twenty-five families are sick. Ten persons are at the point of death, the result of eating cheese made by a local company. The victims suffer ter-

Johnson's Magnetic Oil kills all pains whether internal or external. Fred L. Richt's, 126 North Main.

A FORTUNATE VILLAIN. LONDON, July 11 - John Deasy, an anti-Parnellits member of the house of com-COLLECTOR MORRIS' STAFF.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 11.—Richard
B. Morris, the newly appointed internal revenue collector for Kansas and the Inassault. He was fined £25 and ordered to pay the costs.

THE KANSAS MINERS.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 11.-Fully 150 miners went to work at the north Leavenworth and Home mines this morning, an increase of about fifty over yester-day. It is thought that by the first of the week all the mines here will be working to their fullest capacity.

GOLD IMPORTS. New York, July 11.—Gold to the amount of \$335,000 was shipped from London for New York today by the steamer Trave.

Instinct in Cobras

It is a common belief in India that If a cobra is killed and the remains are left in a bungalow, others of the species will be attracted to the spot. correspondent of the Pioneer Mail records an incident which appears to indicate, as he says, that there is some truth in this theory. About nine months ago Col. Ilderton killed a very large cobra in the compound of his bungalow at Dinapore, and had its skin stuffed and set up by a native mochee. Since then the compound has been infested with these snakes, and no less than eight full-grown cobras, measuring from four feet eight inches to five feet four inches, have been killed there, one of which was sitting up, with its hood extended, contemplating the house where the remains of its presery ! friend were. It is a curious fact that every snake when found was making in the direction of the bungalow, and most of them showed fight when tackled. The last two were within a few feet of each other when Col. Ilderton killed them with a stick, and were advancing up the carriage drive together. No cobras have been seen in other parts of the station.

Electric Wires and Rain. Prof. Wiggins believes that telegraph wires cause drought, that the atmosphere cannot absorb moisture unless it is charged with electricity, and that upon an oblate spheroid like the earth the electricity will inevitably collect at the equator. In this way he explains the frequency of rains at the equator. "If however," he says, "there he ele vated spots on a sphere electricity will collect on them. Should these spots or continents be connected by wires it might accumulate on each alternately. This has happened this year, and America has all of the electric energy and Europe has lost it: so that our continent is flooded and Europe is burned up with drought." His conclusion from all this is that electric wires

should be buried. How Kamrs Cross Streams

The Kaffirs are great swimmers They can do things in the water which other boys would look upon with astonishment. For example, a Kaffir boy can ford a stream, shoulder high. running as swiftly as if shot from a torrent. The way they accomplish the feat is this: Just before entering the water they get a huge stone sometimes as heavy as themselves, and with the help of a companion place it upon the head. A weight like this gives the boy balance, and he can keep his foot-

Why Brick Carriers Founder. Cargoes of brick have to be stowed in the most careful manner, says the mildest weather, owing to the strong tendency of the brick to absorb the water caused by the leakage which necessarily occurs on all wooden ves-

sels. The brick will absorb the water as fast as it runs in from an ordinary leak, and the increased weight of the brick causes the vessel to settle until she makes the final plunge, and the crew are frequently at a loss to know the cause. To new shoals, defective work in the vessel's construction and other causes are attributed the disas

That Was Different.

A story is told of a startling experience of Lady Emmeline Stuart Wortley. in Gorhambury. This English lady was driving along a country road, when The a gate was opened for her by a small country lad. She gave him a small coin and a pleasant smile, and said "I'm sure you are not a Hertfordshire because you are so polite." "Thee'rt a linr, 'cause I be," was the

convincing reply. Hard to Answer. Mamma (reviewing Ethel's "compo

sition")-Why, child! That is no way all rhinoceros Ethel-But if it does not spell it, how did you know what it was?-DemorCONJURERS' CLOTHES.

Garments That Are Used to Deceive the Public.

The Stylish Dress Coat of the Modern Mystifler Is Made with Plenty of Pockets for the Concealment of His Apparatus.

I suppose that everybody understands that a conjurer depends considerably on his costume for assistance in performing many of his most mystifying tricks. The old-fashioned conjurer had an easy time of it. He was artful enough to appear in some fancy costume which enabled him to conceal anything from a frying-pan down to a five-cent piece.

But the modern public, says a writer in the New York World, is too wide awake to stand that sort of thing, and nowadays up to date artists must appear in the conventional evening dress of civilization. Fortunately, the swallow-tail coat is so cut as to lend considerable assistance to one who has to hastily produce or conceal any article he may want at the moment, and taking advantage of this the conjurer provides himself with

from nine to a dozen extra pockets.

Two pockets are at the back of the trousers on a level with the knuckles; these, of course, are carefully hidden by the coat tails. The swallow-tail is thus serviceable in concealing watches, cards, handkerchiefs or anything it may be necessary to put away hastily.

The tails of the coat themselves contain four little pockets; the left hand flap of the breast coat contains a large pocket used for what is known 'loading' large objects, and such conjurers as still perform with live animals (an extremely cruel practice, by the way) conceal them here.

The vanishing bird trick (which, I regret to say, kills a great number of caparies) is performed by means of accessories in which the costume plays part. The bird cage itself is made to collapse into a cigar-shaped tube. The center of the cigar shape is naturally fatter than at the ends, and, if the bird is fortunate, it is secreted there and may come out of the ordeal alive. Should, however, the bird get at either end it is crushed to death, or should the legs get through the bars they are almost certain to be broken.

A conjurer once told me he had done the trick two hundred times with one bird, but I should very much doubt it. What happens is this: The bird cage is rapidly hooked to the end of a piece of whipcord, which passes up the sleeve and across the body of the performer, and then down the other sleeve where it is tied to the wrist. It you about all he or anybody else knows will thus be seen that the cord is considerably shorter than will be required to stretch from each end of the arms if they are extended.

e cage, being in the performer's The hand, is rapidly compressed and made to assume its eigar-like form, and is dragged up the arm at lightning speed by the simple process of extending the two arms. This very simple trick has puzzled

millions of people. It is performed so rapidly that even if you closely watch the conjurer I doubt if you will know what he is doing. Afterwards the conjurer usually pretends to find the bird in the audience. As a matter of fact he takes an-

other bird out of his pocket, and by one of the simple dodges of conjuring appears to take it from some one's neck or head, or some other convenient

A WOMAN BEAR-KILLER. with an Ax.

A desperate battle took place a few days ago between a famished she bear and the wife of Amos Corey, a woodsman on the upper Beaverkill, near Turnwood, N. Y., says the New York Times. For several days bear tracks had been seen in the neighborhood, and once a good-sized bear had of an inch. The color of the blood is been seen crossing the road near entirely dependent upon the presence Corey's cabin. The other morning Corey started with rifle and dogs to hunt down the animal, and had been fact, even these red corpuscies are only gone about an hour when his wife red when a considerable number of heard a great commotion in the door- them are collected together-single ward. Just then a little dog ran into cells being almost transparent and of the house yelping with terror and cov- a very light straw color. It has only ered with blood. Mrs. Corey, thinking of the bear, seized a keen-bladed ax from the rack and, shutting her baby and astonished world that white blood cells little boy in a bedroom, ran into the yard. There she saw a huge she bear rolling and tumbling in the sawdest of independent motion, and that they and chips of the woodpile, while over it hovered a swarm of honey bees. The bear had upset half a dozen hives of bees and the little creatures were having their revenge. Mrs. Corey watched the battle for awhile and then she made a stroke at bruin with the ax, inflicting a severe wound in the animal's With a howl the bear rushed upon her, unmindful of the bees. Ris ing upon its hind legs it advanced upon the woman and tried to hug her. Mrs. Corey plied the ax with energy, and after several blows struck the animal in the head, killing it instantly. She received during the battle a blow from one of the bear's paws, which badly lacerated one of her arms. After the bear had been killed the bees swarmed about Mrs. Corey, stinging her severely. They finally rested on the bushes near by, where she succeeded in hiving them. Afterward she was surprised to find that two little cubs had come out of the brush and were smelling about their dead mother. She captured them and after feeding them with warm milk they became quite tame. She will keep the cubs

CHARACTER IN HANDSHAKES. Personal Peculiarities as Indicated by the

The other evening at dinner, says a writer in Woman, we were much interested in talking over the impressions we can carry away with us of people newly introduced. My mother drew many conclusions from the color, shape, size, transparency, etc. were all somewhat struck with her really clever portrayal of the character of some friends known to us intimately, but with whom she had only recently become acquainted. My sister said she invariably judged by the mouth, and had scarcely ever been mistaken. A friend staving with us always carried away a distinct portrait of the color, shape and expression of the eye. I declared for the handshake, and so far have not had reason to change my opinion that this is the surest test, especially taken in connection with the laugh

something was done, if your blood is impure. You can't mistake the symptoms. Blotches and pimples, or a feeling of languor and depression, are some of them. If you "let it go," you're an easy prey to all sorts of serieus ailments.

Now, the best blood-purifier in the world is Ir. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Take that, and it will certainly rid you of every blood-taint and disorder. It starts every organ into healthful action, assists all the badiliy functions, and cleanses, builds up, and invigorates the whole system. G. M. D. far surpasses nasty Cod Liver Gil and all its filthy compounds as a fless-builder and strength-restorer.

For every disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, Dyspessia, "Liver Complaint," the most stubborn Skin, Scalp, or Scrofulous affections—even Consumption, or Lung-scrofula, in its earlier stages—it's the only remedy so sure undeflective that it can be guernafied. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Can anything else be "just us good" for

money back.
Can anything else be "just as good" for

To begin with, there is the animal magnetism which must pass from one to the other. To take a few examples: The firm, honest, hearty handshake of a sincere man, perhaps rather rough, so that one feels cognizant of one's fingers for some time afterward, points to a character possibly somewhat wanting in tact and refinement, but genuine and true. Then how well I know the soft, silky, insinuating hand, which as one shakes it slips out of one's fingers. An Irishman, some one will say! Exactly. Who so clever as he to get out of awkward corners. never at a loss for the right word, or the laughable story to fill an awkward gap, or cover an annoying contretemps. Then there is the flabby hand belonging to people who never put themselves out. Again, we have the quick, nervous handshake of an excitable, nervous temperament, or its opposite, the nerveless, passive one of a person out of health. Then there is the hand that as you shake it seems to collapse. Don't trust the possessor of such a hand as that.

My pet abomination, though, is the fishy handshake which leaves on one the impression of having touched a toad or a snake. Beware of those hands and their owners.

Lastly, there is the fashionable, pump-handle shake, betokening too often the fickle idler, who follows the whim of the hour.

THE CURRENT OF LIFE. How Blood Is Described—But Little Known About It.

sues of living creatures" he has told hippe to the shore. about the mysterious current of life, says the St. Louis Republic. To be sure, he can quote whole text books on the subject-can tell you about "dis solved fibrine, albumen, sodium, potassium," etc., that the liquor sanguineus contains; about the amadoid movements of the corpuscies, and the rouleaux way in which these same corpuscles pile up when separated from the liquor sanguineus, and about nucleoleus appearance of the same when they are examined with a microscope, and yet the whole reverts to the fact that "blood is a nutritive fluid, transparent and almost colorless when deprived of the minute solid bodies known as 'corpuseles.'" As may be inferred from the hints above given the color of blood depends entirely upon the presence of the corpuscles. which, by the way, are of two different tints, red and white-the proportion in In hot weather I have watched the the blood of a healthy adult woman or man being three white corpuscles to the red blood corpuscles of the human where the water on his skin would being is only one thirty-two hundredth part of an inch in diameter-those in I suppose, that evaporation causes a the blood of some of the lower animals being larger in some cases and smaller in others. A species of reptile, protens, has the largest known blood cells, the average being one four-hundredth of hemalglobin in the red corpuscles: but, it may be remarked as a curious been a few years since a distinguished European scientist announced to the were really the scavengers of the sanguineous fluid: that they were capable occupied the time in catching and devouring microbes.

Gold Nuggets. One of the largest and most remarkably shaped nuggets ever found was dis overed in an Australian mine in 1887. It was flat and almost the exact counrpart in contour of a colossal human hand held open, with the exception of the thumb and forefinger, which were losed together in a manner so as to make it appear that the thumb was holding the finger in place. Its greatest length was twelve and a half inches and its greatest breadth eight inches, says an exchange. It was of f foreign substances adhering (mostly between the "fingers" and weighed six hundred and seventeen ounces. The amous "Lady Brassy" nugaret, also found in Australia, weighed fifty-one pounds of pure gold worth two hunired and twenty-five dollars per-In 1801 a nugget of fifteen pounds weight, shaped exactly like a arm, was discovered in the Buriss mine near the same place.

The Largest Room in the World. The largest room in the world under one roof and unbroken by pilkars is at St. Petersburg. It is six hundred and twenty feet long by one hundred and fifty in breadth. By daylight it is used for military displays, and a battalion can completely maneuver in it. Twenty thousand was tapers are required aid she always noticed the teeth, and to light it. The roof of this structure is a single arch of iron, and it exhibits remarkable engineering skill in the architecture.

-Amherst college was founded in 1821, "mainly for the purpose of edncating poor and plous young men for the ministry.

-Mrs. Geo. H. Whitner has given Hering medical college, Chicago, \$100,grounds and buildings for college and hospital purposes.

> Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BIG GAME.

An Account of the Capture of a Ha

pooned Hippopotamus. In his book on Abyssinia Sir Samuel Eaker gives the following account of the capture of a hippopotamus. After a long chase the animal had left the river, and much to the disappointment of his pursuers had disappeared. But the knowing attendants expressed his firm conviction that the "hippo" would soon be seen again. This prediction was fulfilled much sooner than the most sanguine had expected. At a distance of nearly half a mile, says the writer, we saw the animal emerge from the jungle, and descend at full trot to the bed of the river, making directly for the first rocky pool, in which we had previously seen a herd of hippopotami

Accompanied by the old howarti (hippo-hunter) we walked quickly toward the spot; he explained to me that I must shoot the harpooned hippo, as we should not be able to secure him in the usual method by ropes-nearly all our men being absent from camp upon other dulies.

Upon reaching a certain pool, which was about a hundred and thirty yards in diameter, we were immediately greeted by the hippo, who snorted and roared as we approached, then he dived, and the buoyant float, upon which the man with the barpoon wa stationed, ran along the surface, mark ing his course in the same manner as the cork of a trimmer with a pike upon the hook.

Several times he appeared, but as he invariably faced us, I could not obtain a favorable shot. I therefore sent the old hunter round the pool, and he, swimming the river, advanced to the opposite side, and attracted the attention of the hippo, who immediately turned toward him.

This afforded me a good chance, and I fired a steady shot behind the car, at about seventy yards, with a single-barreled rifle.

As usual with hippopotami, whether dead or alive, he disappeared beneath the water at the shot. The erack of the ball and the absence of any splash from the bullet told me that he was hit; the float remained perfectly stationary upon the surface. I watched it for some minutes-it never moved; several heads of hippopotami appeared and vanished in different directions, but the float was still; it marked the spot where the grand old bull lay dead

When the men reappeared they swam out, regardless of crocodiles, to the spot where the animal had gone down, When the physiologist tells you that and securing the rope attached to the blood is the nutritive fluid of the tis- harpoon dragged the body of the

POLAR BEARS KEEP COOL.

Tropical Animals in Captivity Suffer Most During the Heated Term. "It will surprise most people," said Superintendent A. E. Brown, of the Philadelphia zoological garden, to a Record man, "to learn that the polar bear stands the hot weather of the dog days in this locality better than the African lion. On hot days the lion will get off his feed; the polar bear will not. The tropical animals in the garden, continued the superintendent, "are the ones mostly affected by the extremheat of midsummer, strange as it may appear. I suppose the reason of it is that the heat here is more moist than that of the tropics, and, as it were, of a different character. Whatever mortality occurs among our animals during a heated term is mostly among the tropical animals, especially the African. polar bear go into his tank, and then instead of lying in the shade, extend size of himself in the direct rays of the sun. evaporate. He found out for himself lower temperature. Again, it is some what astonishing, at first, that our polar hear should suffer sometimes as he does from the severe cold of winter. I have seen him shivering on one of those bitterly cold days, when the sky was overladen and the air full of moisture. The moisture was evidently what affected him. In the Arctic regions it is so cold that the moisture is frozen out of the air. Birds do not like the heat. It makes them perch with drooped wings. Heat affects not only the animals in the carden, but the finances of the garden itself. Adifference of ten degrees in the thermome ter, say if it is ninety-five instead of eighty-five, means a loss of several hundreds of dollars in our gate receipts for the day."

LEARN HOW TO THINK.

The Mental Faculties May Be Cultivated - as Well as the Manual There is as much or more difference

in the way men use their mental faculties as there is in the way they use their tools. Just as one man will pro ceed deftly and systematically to the accomplishment of a piece of work with everything conveniently at hand every motion intelligently directed to the furtherance of the main purpose, and an expedient ready for every in regularity or difficulty which presents itself, so, according to Power, the ne very purest gold, with fout a little ready thinker proceeds at once in a right line to the pith of a subject, sifting out the extraneous matter, defining the main point, and bringing to bear upon it all his available information. On the other hand, a clums, thinker will chase a question up one side and down the other without getting anywhere or arriving at any relevant conclusion. The mental, like the cross, with the exception of the right manual, faculties are susceptible and require cultivation. It is only by practice and continual use that the deater ty and skill of the expert machinist or other manipulators are acquired. No matter bow naturally ingenious and handy a man may be, he will lack deftness when placed upon work to which he is entirely unaccustomed.

In order to think with facility a man must be accustomed to thinking. It is one thing to let the mind roum about | Heve "-Barper's Bagar,

the things one knows, and another to put it hard at work and keep it th grinding at something you do not know, but want to. It is easy and en tertaining to read an article which tells you something which you knew before and which you can indorse, but you learn nothing by reading it. It requires an effort to read an article which contains real information, however plainly expressed. It has to be studied, applied, digested, criticised, studied, applied, digested, criticised, the suggestions raised by its person have to be followed out to the in-conclusion and to conscientiously read an article of this character is a task which a man is inclined to shirk just as a lazy man might shirk a physical task. But compare the man who shirks with the man who reads, and you will find in the first a mental bungler, in the sec-ond the accurate and able thinker, and the man whose head saves his hands and who is always valued, respected and trusted with the conduct of work and the administration of affairs and rewarded accordingly. Always read a little ahead of yourself. Read matter which requires an effort on your part to understand. The effort will not only place you upon a higher intel-lectual plane, but the mental exercise will develop a habit of accurate thinking which will be of more value to you than volumes of average matter read only to be forgotten.

EVILS OF READING.

An Article Which Avers that Book Knowledge Is Not Necessary to Brilliancy

The London Spectator lately had an article on the ill results of reading, which has a grain of truth in it. It speaks of the bad effect of getting one particular book on the brain and being able to see no more. Then it says Mme, d'Arblay cortainly wrote much worse after she came to know books and she doubtless lost her power because of her reading. The article goes

on thus: "Certainly there are plenty of people, men and women, who are exceedingly intelligent-and this is not in any lim ited direction-who never read, who know nothing about books and who could not gain from them any appreciable addition to their brightness. They have observed, they have thought. and they can talk. They observe, as a rule, much more closely than the readers who are apt either to be pre-occupied or to be mentally 'dissipated' -there is no other word and they think, when they think, in a more original, or rather, as that word has now a conventional meaning, in a way which is less obscured by the influence of the common sense of most." Their thoughts, poor or perfect, are at least

their own and are strong thoughts. "They lack width usually. though not always, for intercourse with readers has much of the effect of reading; but they have a certain directness and tenacity as to the point at issue. They are apt, too, to have humor, the incon graities of things striking them even more than they strike readers how much had Burns read?-and humor of the peculiar kind which we define rather indefinitely by the word 'raciness," that is flavor, the trace of the onion which animates the salad. In talking, it is said, they are deficient, but that is often only because they are in presence of persons whose knowledge of books they dread, or because they belong to the classes or races-for there are both-to whom the privilege of talking easily has not

been given. There are women among us who never read, and talk excellently wellthere were scores of them in France just before the revolution- and men who talk as only chiefs of professions since they were at college. Indeed, we believe that if the literary would inquire they would be rather startled at the number of the latter."

Gun of Remarkable Power. A distinctive progress in gunmaking is recorded. A gun has just been tested in France, which, upon trial, has given most remarkable results. It is of 6.3 inches culiber and over 47 feet long. To this enormous length the wonderful initial velocity of its projectile is attributed. This velocity reached the phenomenal figure of almost 4,000 feet a second, surpassing all previous records. The gun is impractical for use on board ships, under present conditions, but it does not necessarily follow, that it may not be used with advantage on shore, especially in seaconst defenses, where such high initial velocities would be greatly desirable for the purpose of piercing the armor of hostile war ressels, provided. of course, that a projectile could be found of such hardness as to pass

through the opposing armor.

He Meant No Offense. A man absorbed in his work is apt to be curt, and may not mean to be II mannered. Here, possibly, is a case in point, as related by the Troy Times. A venerable and dignified bishop was recently having his portrait painted by an eminent artist. After sitting steadlly for about an hour in silence his ordship thought he would like to break the monotony with the remark. Accordingly be said to the artists How are you getting on?" To the natonishment of his sitter, the knight of the paiette, absorbed in his work, thus replied: "Move your head a little that way and shut your mouth." that way and shut your mouth." Not being secustomed to be spoken to in this fashion, the bishop said: "May I ask why you address me in this manner" Artist (still absorbed)-"I want to take off a little of your cheek."

Rembraudt the Remnant. "I saw a pointing by an old master to-day in New York," said Mrs. Sprig-

gine What was his name?" asked Sprice

"Let me see-Remnant, I think. Yes, I'm sure it was Remnant. He was of the last of the great painters, I be-

